Year 3: Drawing & Painting

Subject	Specific Vocabulary	Making Paint	Important Knowledge
foreground	The parts of the image that is closest to the viewer.		 □ I know why man created artwork. □ I know how art was made in prehistoric times. □ I can identify key 2D shapes in an image. □ I can apply and blend charcoal to create form, tone and shape. □ I can collect coloured natural items to paint with. □ I know which natural items make the most successful colours. □ I can create paints using all natural ingredients as cave artists did. □ I can experiment with paint to create different colours and textures to make a piece of art in a prehistoric style. □ I can create positive and negative handprints in a range of colours. □ I can paint accurately, all the way to the edges. □ I can blend colours smoothly when painting. □ I can add fine detail using smaller brushes.
pigment	Something that is added to something else to give it colour.		
technique	A practical method or process used to create a piece of art.		
material	What something is made from.	turmeric, nutmeg, paprika, cinnamon	
media	The type of material used by an artist to create the piece of work. e.g. charcoal, paint, pencil.	Cave Paintings	
cave artists	People who made the earliest forms of art in human history. They often painted on the walls of prehistoric caves.		
line drawings	A drawing done using only narrow lines, without blocks of shading.		
proportions	How big a part of something looks compared to the rest of it.		
tone	The darkness or lightness of an object.		
background	Part of the picture that lies behind the objects in the foreground.		