Year 2: Science Plastic Pollution Knowledge Mat

Subject	Specific Vocabulary	Microplastic Pollution	Important knowledge
microplastic	Tiny bits of plastics. Some can be too small to be seen.	MICRO PLASTIC POLLUTION	 I know that microfibres come from washing clothes and end up in our oceans. I know that microplastics come from larger plastic objects and end up in our oceans.
microfibre	Super fine fibres of polyester, nylon or acrylic. They are thinner than a human hair and come from clothes during washing.		
polyester, nylon, acrylic	Fabrics which contain plastic.		☐ I know that marine animals are at risk of extinction because of some of the things that humans do.
vulnerable	A vulnerable species is a species of animals or plants which are likely to become endangered unless something changes.	Land ice and sea ice	☐ I know why the Maldives and other low-level land and islands are at risk by rising sea levels.
endangered	An endangered species is a species of plant or animal, that is in danger of dying out in the future.		☐ I know that mangroves and coral reefs protect coastlines and support life.
critically endangered	A critically endangered species is a species of plant or animal, that has an extremely high chance of dying out in the future.		 I can sort and group clothes and fabrics to show which contain plastic and which do not. I can record my iPad research in words and pictures. I can record my observations
sea ice	Sea ice is simply frozen ocean water. It forms, grows, and melts in the ocean.		
land ice	Land ice includes mountain glaciers and ice sheets, covering Greenland and Antarctica.	land ice sea ice	and findings as labelled drawings with annotations to explain how melting ice can affect sea levels. I can group animals which live in
sea level	A term used to describe what the height of the ocean usually is.		coral reefs and animals which live in mangroves using information from my teacher.
coastline	The area where the land meets the sea or ocean.		