

KEY STAGE

LEVELS

English tests

English reading mark scheme

Wolf pack



National Curriculum assessments

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Introduction

The Standards and Testing Agency (STA) is responsible for the development and delivery of statutory tests and assessments in 2013. The STA is an executive agency of the Department for Education (DfE).

As in previous years, external markers will mark the reading test papers. The markers will follow the mark scheme in this booklet, which is provided here to inform teachers.

This booklet contains the mark scheme for the assessment of reading. For ease of reference, the test questions have been reproduced. Level threshold tables will be published on the Department's website at www.education.gov.uk/ks2, on Tuesday 9 July 2013.

The English reading test contains 50 marks.

The mark scheme was written alongside the questions, with pupil responses added as examples following the trials. The mark schemes indicate the criteria on which judgements should be made. In areas of uncertainty however, markers should use professional judgement based on the training they have received.

The assessment focuses for reading provide information about the particular processes or skills the pupil needs to demonstrate in order to answer the questions. This information is provided in order to explain the structure of the mark scheme as well as the way in which it will be used by external markers. The assessment focuses are drawn from the National Curriculum.

The reading test mark schemes

The range of marks available for each question is given under the mark box at the side of the page in the Reading Answer Booklet.

Incorrect or unacceptable answers are given a mark of 0.

No half marks are awarded.

There are several different answer formats:

• short answers

These may be only a word or phrase and **1 mark** may be awarded for a correct response.

- several line answers
 These may be phrases or a sentence or two and up to 2 marks may be awarded.
- longer answers
 These require a more detailed explanation of the pupil's opinion and up to 3 marks
 may be awarded.
- other answers

Some responses do not involve writing and the requirements are explained in the question.

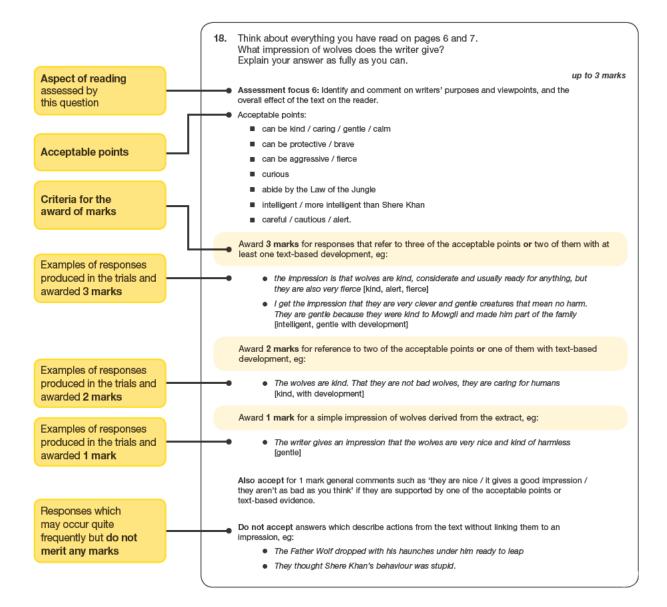
The mark scheme was devised after trialling the tests with pupils and contains examples (these are shown in italics) of some frequently occurring correct answers given in the trials. Many pupils will, however, have different ways of wording an acceptable answer. In assessing each answer, markers must focus on the content of what has been written and not on the quality of the writing, expression or grammatical construction, etc.

Assessment focuses for reading

The aspects of reading to be assessed are pupils' ability to:

- AF1 use a range of strategies, including accurate decoding of text, to read for meaning
- **AF2** understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text
- AF3 deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts
- **AF4** identify and comment on the structure and organisation of texts, including grammatical and presentational features at text level
- **AF5** explain and comment on writers' uses of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level
- **AF6** identify and comment on writers' purposes and viewpoints, and the overall effect of the text on the reader
- AF7 relate texts to their social, cultural and historical contexts and literary traditions.

How the reading mark scheme is set out



The following table identifies the questions (with marks available) that address each assessment focus (AF):

	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7
	Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text	Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts	Identify and comment on the structure and organisation of texts, including grammatical and presentational features at text level	Explain and comment on writers' uses of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level	Identify and comment on writers' purposes and viewpoints, and the overall effect of the text on the reader	Relate texts to their social, cultural and historical contexts and literary traditions
Sectio	n 1: The Jungle Bo	ook – book and film	1			
Q1	1					
Q2	1					
Q3	1					
Q4	1					
Q5 Q6	2			1		
Q7			1			
Q8			1			
	on 2: The Jungle B	ook – an extract				
Q9a	1					
Q9b		1				
Q9c	1					
Q9d		1				
Q9e		1				
Q9f		1				
Q9g		1				
Q10 Q11		3				
Q12		2				
Q13		2		1		
Q14	1					
Q15				1		
Q16a		1				
Q16b	1					
Q16c	1					
Q16d		1	4			
Q17a Q17b			1			
Q18					3	
	n 3: Wolves – good	d or bad?			Ū	
Q19					1	
Q20a			1			
Q20b			1			
Sectio	n 4: Romulus and	Remus				
Q21			1			
Q22					1	
Q23				2		
Q24		2				
	n 5: Wolf commun	Ication				
Q25	1					
Q26 Q27	1				1	
	n 6: The whole bo	oklat				
Q28a	n o: The whole bo					
Q28a Q28b		1				
Q29					1	
		18	7	5	7	0

Assessment focus 1 underlies the reading of and response to the text and questions in the test, and is not explicitly separately assessed at Key Stage 2. Not all focuses will be appropriate to, or appear in, any one test at any given level.

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Section 1: The Jungle Book - book and film.

1. In what year was <i>The Jungle Book</i> made into a film?		
	Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	1 mark
	Award 1 mark for:	
	■ 1967.	
2.	The tiger's name, <i>Shere Khan</i> , comes from two different languages. What are they?	
	Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	1 mark
	Award 1 mark for both:	
	 Urdu and Hindi. Accept minor copying errors: eg Hindus 	
	Do not accept: ■ South Asian.	

Reading answer booklet: Page 4 (continued)

(3.	Shere Khan fears only two things.	
		What are they?	
		Tick two .	1 mark
		Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	T IIIALK
		Award 1 mark for both boxes correctly ticked.	
		wolves	
		guns 🗸	
		humans	
		fire 🗸	
		tigers	

4.	When does Mother Wolf become a fierce fighter?	
		1 mark
	Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	
	Award 1 mark for reference to someone threatening her cubs, eg:	
	 when someone threatens / hurts her babies 	
	• when her cubs are in danger	
	• to protect her cubs.	
	Also award 1 mark for direct text lifts, eg:	
	when protecting her cubs.	

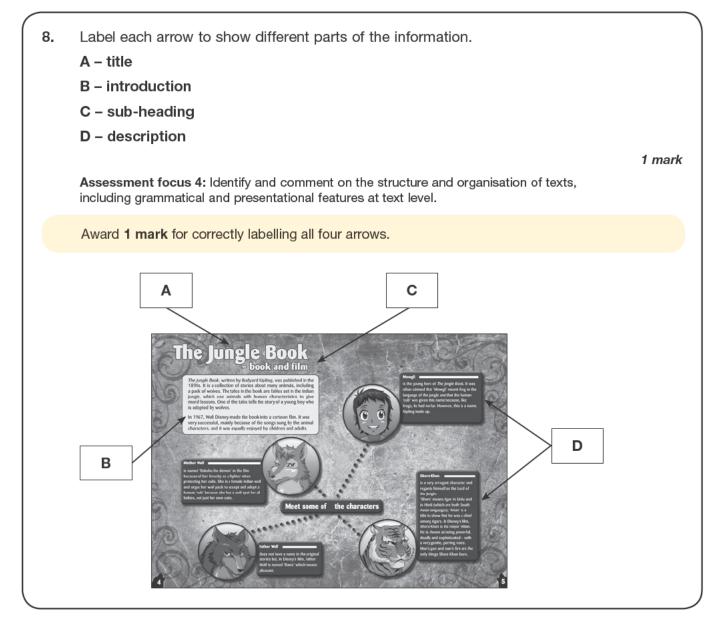
Reading answer booklet: Page 5 (continued)

Complete the table below to show the characters in <i>The Jungle Book</i> , their names, and the meaning of their names.				
up to 2 marks Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.				
Award 2 marks for all four cells correctly completed. Award 1 mark for two or three cells correctly completed.				
Character	Name	Meaning of name		
Father Wolf	Rama	pleasant		
Tiger	Shere Khan	chief (among) tiger(s)		
Human 'cub'	Mowgli	no meaning		
	their names, and the Assessment focus 2: from texts and use que Award 2 marks for a Award 1 mark for two Character Father Wolf Tiger	their names, and the meaning of their names Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select from texts and use quotation and reference to text. Award 2 marks for all four cells correctly comple Award 1 mark for two or three cells correctly con Character Name Father Wolf Rama Tiger Shere Khan	their names, and the meaning of their names. Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideat from texts and use quotation and reference to text. Award 2 marks for all four cells correctly completed. Award 1 mark for two or three cells correctly completed. Character Name Meaning of name Father Wolf Rama pleasant Tiger Shere Khan chief (among) tiger(s)	

6.		
	Why is the word 'cub' written in inverted commas?	1 mark
	Assessment focus 5: Explain and comment on writers' uses of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level.	
	Award 1 mark for reference to the fact that Mowgli was not a true animal cub, not a wolf (this may be implied), eg:	
	• because Mowgli is not really a cub	
	 because Mowgli is not a cub he is just a young boy but brought up by wolves 	
	 humans are called babies, not cubs 	
	 a human cub is a baby. 	

7.	Following the introduction, how is	the text on pages 4 and 5 organised?	1 mark
	Assessment focus 4: Identify and comin including grammatical and presentationation	ment on the structure and organisation of texts, al features at text level.	, mark
	Award 1 mark for correct box ticked.		
		Tick one .	
	in alphabetical order		
	in order of importance		
	in no particular order		
	in order of size		

Reading answer booklet: Page 6 (continued)



Section 2: The Jungle Book - an extract.

9.	Choose the best word or group of words to fit the passage and put a ring around your choice.			
	Questions a) and c) Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.			
	Questions b), d), e), f) and g) Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts (simple inference).			
	Award 1 mark for each correct choice.			
	The story begins with Shere Khan setting out to hunt. Father Wolf knows that the tiger has not caught anything so far because of his			
	a) purr. whine. grunt. howl.	1 mark		
	Father Wolf thinks that making a noise while hunting is			
	b) brave. unwise. clever. funny.	1 mark		
	Mother Wolf senses that Shere Khan is hunting			
	c) any animal wolves. Man. frogs and beetles.	1 mark		
	Another noise rips through the jungle. This time, Shere Khan lets out a loud howl of			
	d) joy fear victory pain	1 mark		
	as he crashes into			
	e) a tree. Father Wolf. a fire. a woodcutter's hut.	1 mark		
	The wolves become worried when they hear the nearby bushes rustle. In his alarm, Father Wolf			
	f) pounces. barks. runs off. hides his cubs.	1 mark		
	Instead of being under attack, they find a human baby. They are filled with			
	g) worry. fear. hunger. curiosity.	1 mark		

10.	In <i>The Jungle Book</i> , Shere Khan is an unlikeable and dangerous character.
	Give three things on page 6 that support this view. up to 3 marks
	Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts (simple inference).
	Acceptable points:
	aggressive
	he is foolish / negative reaction of other characters
	on the hunt for Man / man-killing
	flouts the 'law of the jungle' / inconsiderate behaviour
	 complaining / self-pitying.
	Award 3 marks for reference to three acceptable points, eg:
	 Firstly it says Shere Khan mumbles savagely. Secondly he is hunting man. Finally it gives evidence that he doesn't care about rules. [aggressive; on the hunt for Man; flouts the law]
	• He tried to kill a human which is forbidden. He was making lots of noise. [on the hunt for Man; flouts the law of the jungle, loud].
	Award 2 marks for reference to two acceptable points, eg:
	 He sometimes kills people, he is a good hunter and he is very fierce [on the hunt for man; aggressive].
	Award 1 mark for reference to one acceptable point, eg:
	 it says that he is angry and snarly [aggressive] the wolves think he is a fool [foolish / negative reaction of other characters].
	Also accept text quotes if they relate to one of the acceptable points.
	Do not accept comments taken from a page other than page 6.
	Do not accept answers based on general knowledge of the tiger's behaviour not specifically grounded in the text.

Reading answer booklet: Page 8 (continued)

11. Tick **true** or **false** to show whether the following are the laws of the jungle in *The Jungle Book*.

Animals are allowed to...

up to 2 marks

Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts (complex inference).

Award **2 marks** for all five correctly ticked. Award **1 mark** for three or four correctly ticked.

	true	false
hunt other animals.	~	
hunt humans if they are hungry.		1
hunt humans for training cubs.	~	
hunt humans for sport.		1
hunt humans anywhere in the jungle.		~

harmful to all the animals of the harmful to the man-eater.	ungle
Explain how it is harmful in the tabl	e below.
Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or ir	up to 2 ma Iterpret information, events or ideas from
texts (simple inference).	
	nt made in each cell of the table, up to a total of 2 marks .
	It made in each cell of the table, up to a total of 2 marks .
	nt made in each cell of the table, up to a total of 2 marks . harmful to the man-eater
Award 1 mark for any appropriate poir	
Award 1 mark for any appropriate poir harmful to all the animals	harmful to the man-eater

,	13. Look at the paragraph beginning: <i>The bushes rustled</i> (page 7) What does <i>checked in mid-spring</i> mean?			1 mark
		Assessment focus 5: Explain and compared grammatical and literary features at wor	ment on writers' uses of language, including d and sentence level.	
		Award 1 mark for the correct box tick	ked.	
			Tick one.	
		The wolf looks to see where he is going.		
		The wolf stops half way through his jump.		
		The wolf gets ready to jump.		
		The wolf wants to see how high he can jump.		

Reading answer booklet: Page 10

14.	In the paragraph beginning: <i>The bushes rustled</i> (page 7), the writer uses other words meaning <i>jump</i> .	
	Find and copy two other words.	
	1.	
	2.	
		1 mark
	Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	
	Award 1 mark for any two of the following:	
	leap	
	(mid) spring	
	bound.	
	Also accept:	
	■ shot up.	
	Accept minor copying errors.	

15.	 The writer uses the expression mouth an egg when describing how wolves behave. 		
	What does this tell us about how a wolf carries its young?		
	Assessment focus 5: Explain and comment on the writers' uses of language, including	1 mark	
	grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level.		
	Award 1 mark for answers that recognise the gentleness / care with which the wolf carries its young, eg:		
	 it tells us that wolves hold their babies gently he is telling you that he is carrying it carefully because an egg could crack 		

• they can put them in their mouth without hurting them.

ba hio cu	low little! How naked, and – how bold!" said Mother Wolf, softly. The aby was pushing his way between the cubs to get close to the warm de. "Ah! He is taking his meal with the others. And so this is a man's ab. Now, was there ever a wolf that could boast of a man's cub among er children?"	
a)	From this short paragraph you can tell that:	
	essment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from (simple inference).	1 1
Awa	rd 1 mark for correct box ticked.	
	Tick one .	
	The baby was really a wolf cub.	
	The baby was about one year old.	
	Mother Wolf was fierce.	
	Mother Wolf wanted to keep the baby.	
b)	Underline the word that shows that Mother Wolf would be proud to have a human baby in her family.	
A		1
	essment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas texts and use quotation and reference to text.	
Awa	rd 1 mark for:	
	boast.	
Also	accept:	

continued from previous page

c)	Find and copy one word that shows that Mother Wolf did not want to alarm the baby.	1 mark
	essment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas n texts and use quotation and reference to text.	, mark
Awa	ard 1 mark for:	
	∎ softly.	
d)	How can you tell from this paragraph that the baby is not frightened?	1 mark
	essment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from s (simple inference).	T Mark
	ard 1 mark for reference to the fact that the baby is pushing himself among the f cubs / pushing them out of his way / behaving confidently, eg:	
	 he was pushing the cubs aside to get close 	
	 It says 'how bold' as if he is confident 	
	• he was eating with the others.	
Do r	not accept 'pushing' unless this is linked to the cubs.	

Reading answer booklet: Page 12

17.	 a) What is the most tense moment in the by What happens to bring the tension of Assessment focus 4: Identify and comment on including grammatical and presentational features. Award 2 marks for a response that shows the tension in part (b). Award 1 mark for only part (a) correct or only part (b). 	1 mar to an end? 1 mar the structure and organisation of texts, es at text level. e tension in part (a) and an appropriate release of
	 a) most tense moment When the wolves think they are under attack / When the bushes rustle when it sees something is coming when Mother Wolf says 'someone is coming, get ready' when the Father Wolf bounded and nearly hit the human baby when Father Wolf stops his leap in mid air when Father Wolf shouts "Man!" 	 b) tension brought to an end When Mowgli / the baby appears / when he realises it was a man's cub they found out that it was a baby when Father Wolf stops in mid air as he realises it is a man cub when Father Wolf says: "man's cub".
	Also accept references to Shere Khan hunting. a) most tense moment	b) tension brought to an end
	When Shere Khan is hunting.	When Shere Khan jumps into the woodeutter's compfire

woodcutter's campfire.

Reading answer booklet: Page 12 (continued)

18.	Think about everything you have read on pages 6 and 7. What impression of wolves does the writer give? Explain your answer as fully as you can. up to 3 marks
	Assessment focus 6: Identify and comment on writers' purposes and viewpoints, and the overall effect of the text on the reader. Acceptable points: can be kind / caring / gentle / calm can be protective / brave can be aggressive / fierce curious abide by the Law of the Jungle intelligent / more intelligent than Shere Khan careful / cautious / alert.
	Award 3 marks for responses that refer to three of the acceptable points or two of them with at least one text-based development, eg:
	 the impression is that wolves are kind, considerate and usually ready for anything, but they are also very fierce [kind, alert, fierce] I get the impression that they are very clever and gentle creatures that mean no harm. They are gentle because they were kind to Mowgli and made him part of the family [intelligent, gentle with development]
	Award 2 marks for reference to two of the acceptable points or one of them with text-based development, eg:
	• The wolves are kind. That they are not bad wolves, they are caring for humans [kind, with development]
	Award 1 mark for a simple impression of wolves derived from the extract, eg:
	• The writer gives an impression that the wolves are very nice and kind of harmless [gentle]
	Also accept for 1 mark general comments such as 'they are nice / it gives a good impression / they aren't as bad as you think' if they are supported by one of the acceptable points or text-based evidence.
	 Do not accept answers which describe actions from the text without linking them to an impression, eg: The Father Wolf dropped with his haunches under him ready to leap They thought Shere Khan's behaviour was stupid.

Section 3: Wolves - good or bad?

Reading answer booklet: Page 13

19. Wolves can be represented as good or bad.

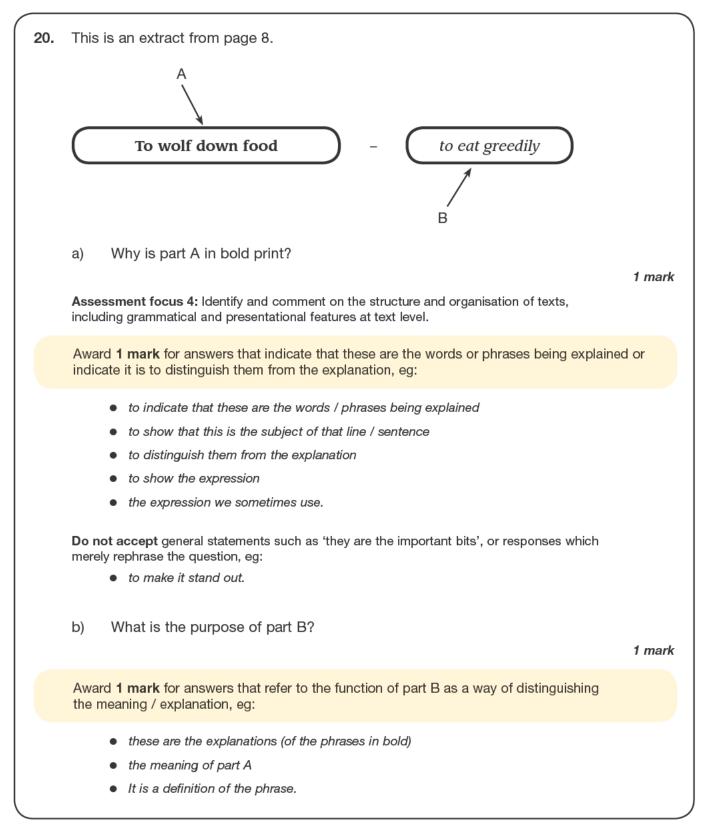
Put ticks in the table below to show how wolves are represented in the following:

1 mark

Assessment focus 6: Identify and comment on writers' purposes and viewpoints, and the overall effect of the text on the reader.

Award 1 mark for all boxes ticked correctly.

	good impression	bad impression
The Jungle Book	\$	
fairy tales		✓
Roman myths	1	
popular expressions		\checkmark



Section 4: Romulus and Remus.

21.	Number the following statements (1-6) to show the order in which they happened in the legend.		
	The first one has been done for you.	1 mark	
	Assessment focus 4: Identify and comment on the structure and organisation of texts, including grammatical and presentational features at text level.		
	Award 1 mark for:		
	The twins fought and one died. 5		
	The twins were left floating on the River Tiber.		
	The city of Rome was named. 6		
	A wolf rescued the twins. 3		
	The twins were born. 1		
	A shepherd looked after the twins.		

Reading answer booklet: Page 15 (continued)

22.	 or so the story tells us (on the second line of the legend) What does this expression suggest to the reader? Assessment focus 6: Identify and comment on writers' purposes and viewpoints, and the overall effect of the text on the reader. 		
	Award 1 mark for correct box ticked.		
	The writer	Tick one .	
	does not know all the details.		
	thinks it is an amusing story.		
	is saying it is true.		
	is not sure if it is true.	✓	

Reading answer booklet: Page 16

23.	The wolf in Romulus and Remus is caring and gentle. Find and copy three words which give this idea.	
	Assessment focus 5: Explain and comment on the writers' uses of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level.	up to 2 marks
	Award 2 marks for any three of the acceptable words. Award 1 mark for any two of the acceptable words.	
	Acceptable words: nursed nuzzled (kept them) safe warm saved. Also accept: looked after (them). 	

24. The twins disagreed over many things.Write down three things about which they disagreed.

up to 2 marks

Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts (simple inference).

Award **2 marks** for three acceptable points. Award **1 mark** for two acceptable points.

- where to build the city / on which hill
- whether the circling birds were a divine signal / what the circling birds meant
- who was to be king / ruler
- the name of the city.

Section 5: Wolf communication.

Reading answer booklet: Page 17

25. How do wolves communicate with each other?

Find **two** ways.

1 mark

Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.

Award **1 mark** for two of the acceptable points:

- sound
- posture / position of head / ears and mouth
- (facial) expression.

26. Look at the illustrations of the wolves.

Tick to show if the following statements are true or false.

1 mark

Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.

Award 1 mark for all four rows ticked correctly.

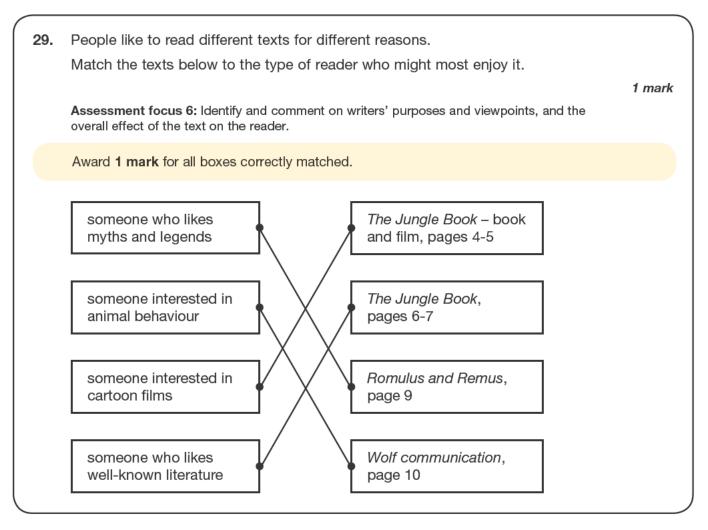
	true	false
A wolf shows its teeth when threatening.	1	
A wolf's ears point up when it is afraid.		1
It is safe to approach a wolf when its mouth is open.		1
A wolf is always frightened when its mouth is closed.		1

27.	How can you tell that the author of page 10 has studied wolves closely?		
	Assessment focus 6: Identify and commoverall effect of the text on the reader.	ent on writers' purposes and viewpoints, and the	
	Award 1 mark for both boxes ticked co	prrectly.	
		Tick two.	
	The author can communicate with wolves.		
	The illustrations are detailed.		
	The illustrations show head and shoulders only.		
	The author supports wolves in the wild.		
	The author includes expert information.	\checkmark	
	The written information is long and full of detail.		

Section 0. Whole booklet.	Section	6: Wh	ole bo	oklet.
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28.		the illustrations on page 10 to answer the following questions about characters in <i>The Jungle Book</i> .	
	a)	Which two of these expressions might have been on Father Wolf's face when he pounced into the bushes at the top of page 7?	1 mark
	Asse	essment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts.	T Mark
	Awa	ard 1 mark for both of the following:	
	1		
	b)	Which one of these expressions might have been on Mother Wolf's face when she was looking at the human baby?	1 mark
	Awa	rd 1 mark for:	
		calm.	

Reading answer booklet: Page 19 (continued)



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